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(54) APPLE TREE NAMED 'GALAVAL'

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(57) ABSTRACT

A new apple tree named 'Galaval' is described. 'Galaval' is a mutation of 'Galaxy' selected for its interesting over color intensity. Fruit of 'Galaval' is distinguished from fruit of 'Galaxy' and other Gala-type varieties by its intense dark purple-brown skin over color with no defined stripes.

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] None.

PRIORITY CLAIM

[0002] This application claims priority of prior European Community PVR (OCVV) application serial number 2006/2472, filed Nov. 28, 2006.

STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT

[0003] None

LATIN NAME

[0004] Malus domestica Borkh.

VARIETY DENOMINATION

[0005] 'Galaval'

BACKGROUND OF THE VARIETY

[0006] 'Galaval' is a new and distinct cultivar of apple tree *Malus domestica* Borkh. This new cultivar is a product of a whole tree mutation of 'Galaxy' (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 6,955), and is characterized by fruit having an intense dark purple-brown over color with no defined stripes. 'Galaval' was first observed in an orchard situated at Corze (Loire Valley, France) in 2002. This variety was then asexually reproduced by budding and fruited through two successive generations in two different locations in France, Seiches sur Le Loir and Villers-Cotterëts. 'Galaval' has been observed to remain true to type over successive asexually propagated generations. The color, presentation and other characteristics of this variety also remained the same through two generations.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY

[0007] 'Galaval' was first selected for its interesting over color intensity. It is distinguished from other known Galatype varieties by its intense dark purple-brown over color fruit skin with no defined stripes. 'Galaval' is also well characterized by a globose to flat shape. The distinctive characteristics are shown in Table 1 below.

TABLE 1

-	Comparison of 'Galaval' to other known Gala strains.		
Variety	Skin color	Percentage of Overcolor	Pattern of Overcolor
Galaval	Dark purple brown (RHS 59A)	95-100% (avg.: 98.25%)	No defined stripes
Simmons	Dark red (RHS 45A)	80-100% (avg.: 90.5%)	Weakly defined stripes
Galaxy	Red (RHS 47A)	50-90% (avg.: 74%)	Well defined stripes

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS

[0008] FIG. 1 illustrates the difference in fruit skin color between 'Galaval', 'Simmons' and 'Galaxy' at picking time.

[0009] FIG. 2 shows a one-year old bore shoot of 'Galaval' 30 days after picking time;

[0010] FIG. 3 shows fruit of 'Galaval' 7 days before picking time:

[0011] FIG. 4 shows fruit of 'Galaval' after 30 days of storage;

[0012] FIG. 5 shows a two year old 'Galaval' second generation tree with fruit at picking time;

[0013] FIG. 6 shows the 'Galaval' mother tree in the 'Galaxy' orchard at Corze;

[0014] FIG. 7 shows representative leaves of 'Galaval';

[0015] FIG. 8 shows flowers of 'Galaval' at full blossom.

DETAILED BOTANICAL DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY

[0016] The following detailed botanical description is based on observations made during the 2007 growing season at Seiches sur le Loir, France of two year old trees grown on M9 rootstock in high density plantings. All colors are described according to The Royal Horticultural Society Color Chart. It should be understood that the characteristics described will vary somewhat depending upon cultural prac-

tices and climatic conditions, and will vary with location and season. Quantified measurements are expressed as an average of measurements taken from a number of individual plants of the new variety. The measurements of any individual plant or any group of plants of the new variety may vary from the stated average.

- [0017] Tree: Vigor medium (similar to 'Gala' strains); Type — ramified; Habit — spreading; Height — 2.20 m; Trunk diameter (at 30 cm above the graft) — medium (avg. 39 mm), Bark texture — smooth to medium; Bark coloration — grey N200C.
- [0018] Branch (fruiting branches located at around 1 m above the graft union): Length long (avg. 1.17 m); Diameter large (avg.19 mm); Crotch angle 70° to 90°; Bark color grey N200C.
- [0019] One year old shoot: Length short to medium (avg. 20 cm); Color brown N199C; Pubescence (on upper half of the shoot) medium; Thickness thin (avg. 3.5 mm); Internode length medium (avg. 18 mm); Pubescence medium; Number of lenticels medium (7 lenticels per cm²).
- [0020] Flower buds: Quantity per spur 1 to 3; Shape round to conical; Length small to medium (avg. 11 mm); Diameter small to medium (avg. 12 mm); Color red purple N57A.
- [0021] Flowers: Flower medium size; Diameter of fully open flower small to medium (avg. 29 mm); Relative position of petal margin overlapping; Number per cluster 5 to 6; Date of first bloom April 15 in Loire Valley, France; Date of full bloom April 20 in Loire Valley, France.
- [0022] Petals: Number per flower 5; Shape ovoid;
 Length medium (avg. 17 mm); Width Medium (avg. 13 mm); Apex round; Base conical-pointed; Margin smooth; Coloration of upper surface white N155C;
 Coloration of lower surface white N155B.
- [0023] Pistils: Size Medium (avg. 13 mm); Color yellow green N144C.
- [0024] Stigma: Size small to medium (avg. 0.6 mm); Color — yellow green 150B.
- [0025] Style: Size long (avg. 11 mm); Color yellow green 145A.
- [0026] Ovary: Size medium (avg. 2 mm); Color green 140A.
- [0027] Anthers: Quantity numerous (avg. 13 per flower); Size medium (avg. 2.1 mm); Presence of pollen present; Color of pollen yellow 3C.

- [0028] Pedicel: Size medium to long (avg. 22 mm); Diameter — quite thin (avg. 1.4 mm); Color — green 143B.
- [0029] Sepals: Quantity 5; Coloration green 143C; Shape conical pointed.
- [0030] Leaves: Shape elliptic; Length (petiole not included) medium-long (avg. 88 mm); Width narrow (avg. 43 mm); Length/width ratio medium to large (2.05); Blade margin serrate; Apex acuminate; Base shape oblique; Color of upper surface dark green 137A (in late summer); Color of lower surface green 137C (in late summer); Attitude in relation to shoot outward to downwards.
- [0031] Petiole: Length long (avg. 35 mm); Diameter medium (avg. 1.5 mm); Coloration green 137C.
- [0032] Fruit: Quantity per cluster (2 to 4); Diameter small to medium (avg. 71 mm); Weight — medium (avg. 190 g); Ratio of height to width — medium (1.09); General shape in profile — globose to flat; Position of maximum diameter — in middle; Ribbing — weak; Crowning at calyx end — moderate; Size of eye — medium to large (avg. 16 mm); Aperture of eye — partially open; Length of sepal — medium (avg. 4 mm); Bloom of skin — weak; Greasiness of skin — weak; Background color of skin light yellow 8C; Amount of over color — high; Over color of skin — Dark purple brown 59A: Intensity of over color dark; Pattern of over color — solid flush with no defined stripes; Amount of russet around stalk cavity — medium; Amount of russet on cheeks — absent; Area of russet around eye basin — absent or very weak; Length of stalk long (avg. 28 mm); Thickness of stalk — medium (avg. 1.9 mm); Depth of stalk cavity — medium (avg. 15.5 mm); Width of stalk cavity — narrow (avg. 12 mm); Depth of eye basin — medium (avg. 9.4 mm); Width of eye basin – medium (avg. 20 mm); Firmness of flesh — medium to firm; Flesh texture — medium to fine; Aroma — moderately aromatic and slightly sweet; Juiciness - medium to high; Brix — 11° Brix minimum at harvest time; Flesh coloration — light yellow 4D; Stem coloration — dark purple red 53A.
- [0033] Seeds: Quantity per fruit 5 on average; Shape truncate ovoid; Coloration dark brown 165A.
- [0034] Harvest: Time for harvest early, last week of August (similar to 'Galaxy'); Number of picks one to two picks; Amount of fruit produced per tree per harvest 60 fruits on third leaf trees.

I claim:

1. A new and distinct apple tree substantially as described and illustrated herein.

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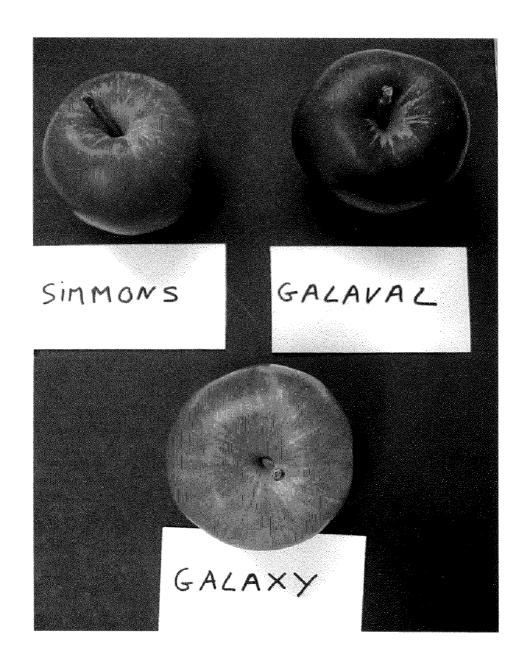


FIG.1



FIG. 2



FIG. 3

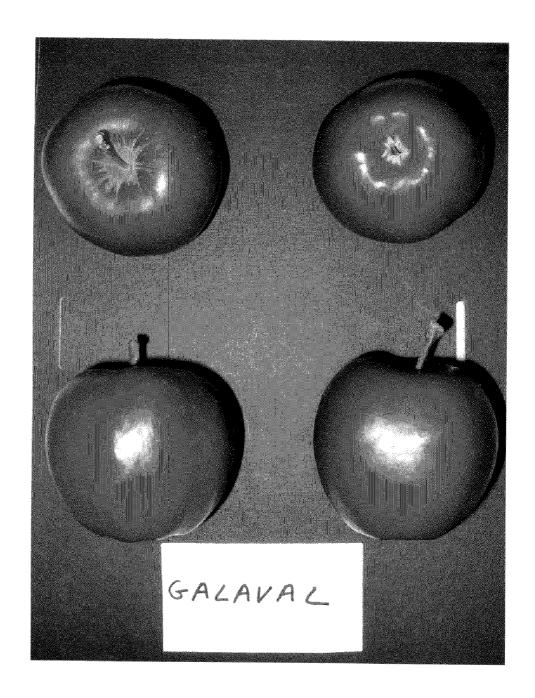


FIG. 4



FIG. 5



FIG. 6

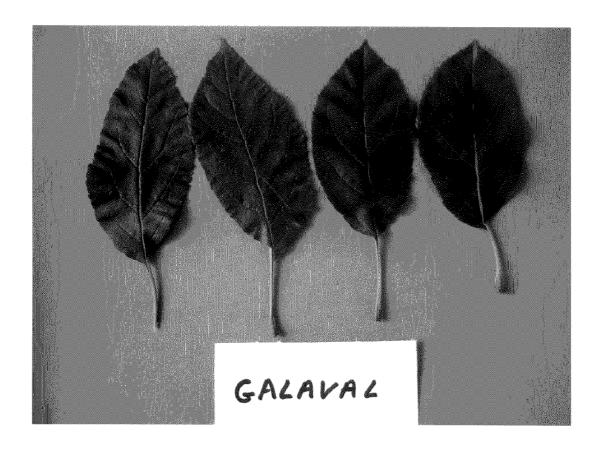


FIG. 7

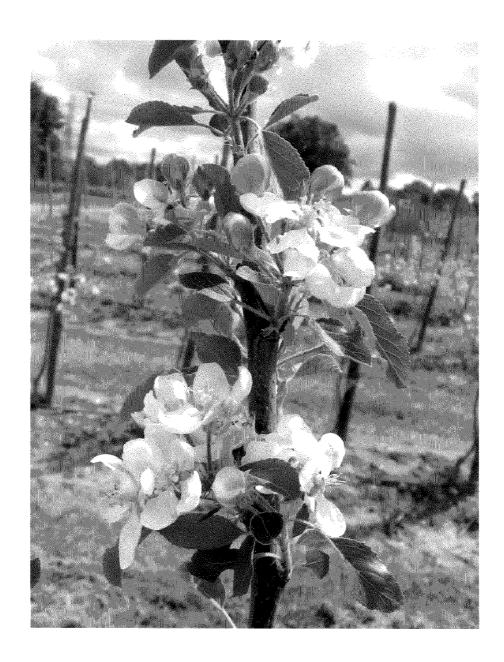


FIG. 8